

## Balance Sheets

For the periods ended September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008

	2009 (Unaudited)	2008
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash	\$ —	\$ 3,739,572
Accounts receivable	8,227,480	14,565,755
Shareholder loans	188,572	394,785
Inventory	2,789,125	2,479,950
Prepaid expenses and deposits	227,677	442,351
	11,432,854	21,622,413
Property and equipment	119,040,223	118,603,452
Intangible assets	3,525,586	3,967,816
	\$ 133,998,663	\$ 144,193,681
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Bank indebtedness (note 6)	\$ 688,370	\$ —
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,996,778	8,176,998
Warrants (note 7)	1,210,516	1,206,813
Current portion of long-term debt (note 9)	59,157,129	—
	66,052,793	9,383,811
Future income taxes	—	512,000
Long-term debt (note 9)	24,500	55,419,098
	66,077,293	65,314,909
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Share capital (note 10 (a))	78,673,307	78,858,092
Contributed surplus	7,069,665	6,139,422
Deficit	(17,821,602)	(6,118,742)
	67,921,370	78,878,772
	\$ 133,998,663	\$ 144,193,681
Future operations (note 3)		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statements of Income (Loss), Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Deficit

*For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)*

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2009	2008 <i>(Restated – Note 8)</i>	2009	2008 <i>(Restated – Note 8)</i>
REVENUE	\$ 10,259,024	\$ 23,021,857	\$ 35,692,918	\$ 60,363,519
EXPENSES				
Operating expenses	7,450,646	14,519,105	25,360,881	38,155,032
General and administrative	3,191,336	2,876,908	9,211,175	7,991,748
Stock based compensation	260,162	266,307	774,495	658,937
Interest	1,839,017	1,367,807	4,536,547	3,859,860
Depreciation	2,607,433	2,880,579	7,582,449	9,190,450
Amortization	145,743	150,744	442,230	452,232
	15,494,337	22,061,450	47,907,777	60,308,259
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX	(5,235,313)	960,407	(12,214,859)	55,260
INCOME TAXES				
Current	–	–	–	115,736
Future (reduction)	–	59,000	(512,000)	59,000
	–	59,000	(512,000)	174,736
NET INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	(5,235,313)	901,407	(11,702,859)	(119,476)
DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	(12,586,289)	(5,081,209)	(6,118,743)	(4,060,326)
DEFICIT, END OF PERIOD	\$ (17,821,602)	\$ (4,179,802)	\$ (17,821,602)	\$ (4,179,802)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE (note 10 (b))				
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	\$ (0.19)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.43)	\$ (0.01)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statements of Cash Flows

*For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Unaudited)*

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008 <i>(Restated – Note 8)</i>
<b>OPERATING:</b>				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (5,235,313)	\$ 901,407	\$ (11,702,859)	\$ (119,476)
Items not affecting cash:				
Stock based compensation	260,162	266,307	774,495	658,937
Interest on shareholder loans	(530)	(2,056)	(2,721)	(5,663)
Accretion of debt financing costs and warrants	567,059	526,460	1,660,784	1,246,963
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	88,865	–	22,013	(14,095)
Future income tax (reduction)	–	59,000	(512,000)	59,000
Depreciation and amortization	2,753,176	3,031,321	8,024,679	9,642,683
	(1,566,581)	4,782,439	(1,735,609)	11,468,349
Change in non-cash working capital	93,174	(4,866,282)	3,177,937	(11,067,232)
	(1,473,407)	(83,843)	1,442,328	401,117
<b>INVESTING:</b>				
Purchase of property and equipment	(5,016,593)	(6,817,504)	(13,401,842)	(26,717,899)
Proceeds on sale of assets	5,233,609	–	5,360,609	14,095
Decrease in restricted cash	–	–	–	395,000
	217,016	(6,817,504)	(8,041,233)	(26,308,804)
<b>FINANCING:</b>				
Bank indebtedness	688,370	1,408,499	688,370	3,085,029
Issue of long-term debt	–	6,000,000	2,300,000	25,500,000
Retirement of long-term debt	–	–	(100,000)	(4,000,000)
Transaction costs	–	–	–	(306)
Repurchase of common shares (note 10 (a))	–	(507,153)	(29,037)	(547,070)
	688,370	6,901,346	2,859,333	24,037,653
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH</b>	(568,021)	–	(3,739,572)	(1,870,034)
<b>CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	568,021	–	3,739,572	1,870,034
<b>CASH, END OF PERIOD</b>	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –
<b>Supplementary Information:</b>				
Interest paid	\$ 771,956	\$ 846,687	\$ 2,383,228	\$ 2,641,635
Interest received	1,047	3,284	6,323	23,381
Income taxes refunded	–	–	–	381,381

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

*For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008*

### 1. Description of Business:

Central Alberta Well Services Corp. (CWC) is an oilfield services company providing production services to oil and gas exploration and development companies throughout the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin.

### 2. Basis of Presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). These interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual financial statements except as described in Note 5. Not all disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements are presented in these interim financial statements. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual financial statements.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

### 3. Future Operations:

The Company currently has a debt facility to a maximum of \$59.9 million due on January 26, 2010. As at September 30, 2009, \$59.9 million was drawn on the facility. Recent market events, including disruptions in credit markets and the deterioration of global economic conditions resulted in significant declines in commodity prices. This impacted the Company through lower than anticipated utilizations, which impaired the Company's ability to generate cash flows from operations sufficient to settle the obligation or reduce it to a lower amount more likely to be re-financed. In addition, the operating line the Company entered into ceases to be committed in November of 2009. As at September 30, 2009, \$688,370 is outstanding on the line. The Company anticipates that it will be in breach of covenants on both facilities throughout 2009. As a result, a waiver was obtained from the lender of the term facility for the remainder of the term. The lender of the operating line of credit provided a waiver for the period ended September 30, 2009. Given the reduced access to credit and equity markets in the current economic environment there can be no assurance that these facilities will be re-negotiated or replaced with alternate facilities on terms suitable to the Company. On October 21, 2009, the Company filed a short-form prospectus relating to a rights offering announced August 26, 2009. The terms of the rights offering include the issuance of \$33 million of common shares, proceeds from which will be used to reduce the outstanding facility below \$30 million, an amount that is more likely to be refinanced prior to the due date. Concurrent with the approval of the rights offering, the Company's major shareholder agreed to acquire any common shares not issued under the basic subscription rights of other shareholders. Further declines in commodity prices could adversely affect management's ability to refinance or re-negotiate the remaining facilities and settle the Company's obligations.

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and satisfy its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The Company's continuation as a going concern is ultimately dependent upon its future financial performance, which will be affected by general economic conditions, availability of debt and/or equity to finance operations, commodity prices, industry activity and other factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control.

#### 4. Seasonality of Operations:

The Company's operations are located in Western Canada. The ability to move heavy equipment safely and efficiently in Western Canadian oil and natural gas fields is dependent on weather conditions. Activity levels during the first quarter are typically the most robust as the frost creates a stable ground mass that allows for easy access to well sites and easier service rig movement. The second quarter is traditionally the slowest due to road bans during spring break-up. When winter's frost leaves the ground, it renders many secondary roads incapable of supporting the weight of heavy equipment until they have thoroughly dried out. Road bans during this time restrict service rig and support equipment access to well sites. The third quarter has more activity as the summer months are typically drier than the second quarter. The fourth quarter is again quite active as winter temperatures freeze the ground once more maximizing site access. However, there may be temporary halts to operations in extreme cold weather when the temperature falls below -35C.

#### 5. Changes in Accounting Policy:

##### (a) Changes in accounting policies

In February 2008, the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") issued Section 3064 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", replacing Section 3062, "Goodwill and other intangible assets". The new section establishes standards for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill and intangible assets. The new standard is applicable to the Company as of January 1, 2009. The new standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

##### (b) Future changes in accounting policies

In June 2009, the CICA issued amendments to Section 3862, Financial Instruments – Disclosures. The amendments include enhanced disclosures related to the fair value of financial instruments and the liquidity risk associated with financial instruments. The amendments will be effective for annual financial statements with fiscal year ends ending after September 30, 2009. The amendments are consistent with recent amendments to financial instrument disclosure standards in International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The Company will include these additional disclosures in its annual financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2009.

In 2008, the CICA confirmed that for public entities IFRS will replace Canadian GAAP for interim and annual reporting effective January 1, 2011. The Company continues to proceed with its conversion plan for the convergence of Canadian GAAP to IFRS.

#### 6. Bank Indebtedness:

The Company has available a line of credit to a maximum of \$15 million, marginalized based on trade accounts receivable, at an interest rate ranging from bank prime plus 1.25% to bank prime plus 2.00%. As at September 30, 2009, the amount available under the line was \$4.05 million with \$688,370 drawn. This facility expires in December of 2009. A General Security agreement providing security interest against accounts receivable and second fixed charge over equipment has been provided as security for the line of credit.

#### 7. Warrants:

As part of the \$59.9 million long-term credit facility entered into in January 2007, approximately 12.1 million common share purchase warrants were issued by the Company to the lender, exercisable into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.825 per share, expiring in January 2010. The Company agreed to redeem any unexercised warrants that remain outstanding on the warrant expiry date at a price of \$0.10 per warrant. In July 2007 the Company consolidated both Class A and Class B shares by issuing one (1) share for every four (4) outstanding. The warrants were consolidated as well, resulting in 3,030,303 common share purchase warrants exercisable into common shares at a price of \$3.30 per share, with any unexercised warrants at the warrant expiry date to be redeemed at \$0.40 per warrant. The warrants have been classified as a liability in accordance with Section 3855, "Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement". The fair value of the liability has been calculated utilizing an approximation of the bi-nomial lattice model.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

*For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008*

### 8. Restatement:

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company revised the accounting for warrants disclosed in note 7. The warrants contain a cash settlement provision or “put”, thereby requiring classification as a financial liability in accordance with Section 3855 “Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement”. The fair value of the warrants was recalculated utilizing an approximation of the bi-nomial lattice model and prior periods have been restated to reflect this change. The effect of the restatement on the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 is as follows:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	ADJUSTMENTS	RESTATED
Interest expense	\$ 1,273,326	\$ 94,481	\$ 1,367,807
Net Income (loss)	995,888	(94,481)	901,407
Deficit	(6,471,729)	1,390,520	(5,081,209)
Income (loss) per share	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.03

  

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	ADJUSTMENTS	RESTATED
Interest expense	\$ 3,874,713	\$ (14,853)	\$ 3,859,860
Net Income (Loss)	(134,329)	14,853	(119,476)
Deficit	(5,341,512)	1,281,186	(4,060,326)
Income (loss) per share	\$ –	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

### 9. Long-term Debt:

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	DECEMBER 31 2008
Credit facility for \$59.9 million at interest rate of bank prime plus 2.75%, maturing on January 25, 2010. Monthly repayments of interest only, secured by a first charge on equipment and a general security agreement on all assets.	\$ 59,900,000	\$ 57,700,000
Unsecured, interest-free loan from Government of Canada related to a patent and repayable upon commercial application of the patent.	24,500	24,500
<b>Total debt</b>	<b>\$ 59,924,500</b>	<b>\$ 57,724,500</b>
Less:		
Transaction costs relating to the \$59.9 million term facility.	(390,548)	(1,214,676)
Cost of 3,030,303 warrants relating to the \$59.9 million term facility	(352,323)	(1,090,726)
Current portion	(59,157,129)	–
	<b>\$ 24,500</b>	<b>\$ 55,419,098</b>

At September 30, 2009, estimated principal repayments for each of the next five years are as follows:

2010	\$ 59,900,000
2011	–
2012	–
2013	–
2014	–
Thereafter	24,500
	<b>\$ 59,924,500</b>

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

The \$59.9 million credit facility is with Brookfield Bridge Lending Fund Inc., a related party to the Company's largest shareholder, Tricap Partners II L.P. through common management.

The Company is currently in default under the covenants of the term facility; as a result, from August 1, 2009 until the default is corrected the Company will be paying the default interest rate which is an additional five percent (5%) above the prime plus 2.75% nominal interest rate. As at September 30, 2009, \$501,580 of default interest has been accrued in the financial statements. This amount is due on demand.

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### 10. Share Capital:

#### a) Authorized:

Unlimited number of voting common shares

Unlimited number of voting preferred shares

#### Issued:

CLASS A	NUMBER	AMOUNT
Balance at January 1, 2008	21,733,730	\$ 63,480,129
Repurchase of common shares	(636,400)	(1,851,924)
Share transfer to Class B shares	(450,000)	(1,260,000)
Balance at December 31, 2008	20,647,330	\$ 60,368,205
Balance at January 1, 2009	20,647,330	\$ 60,368,205
Repurchase of shares	(63,500)	(184,785)
Share transfer to Class B shares	(350,000)	(980,000)
Elimination of Class B shares	6,953,531	19,469,887
Common shares balance at September 30, 2009	27,187,361	\$ 78,673,307

CLASS B	NUMBER	AMOUNT
Balance at January 1, 2008	6,153,531	\$ 17,229,887
Share transfer from Class A shares	450,000	1,260,000
Balance at December 31, 2008	6,603,531	\$ 18,489,887
Balance at January 1, 2009	6,603,531	\$ 18,489,887
Share transfer from Class A shares	350,000	980,000
Conversion to Class A shares	(6,953,531)	(19,469,887)
Balance at September 30, 2009	–	\$ –
Total Share Capital as at September 30, 2009	27,187,361	\$ 78,673,307
Total Share Capital as at December 31, 2008	27,250,861	\$ 78,858,092

On August 28, 2009, shareholders approved the conversion of all Class B shares to Class A shares. As a result, the Class A/B share structure was eliminated and Articles of Company were amended to reflect Voting Common shares and Preferred shares.

In August 2007 the Company began repurchasing Common shares under a Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") program. On September 1, 2008 the Normal Course Issuer Bid program was renewed, permitting the Company to purchase up to a maximum of 1,073,187 Common shares on the open market. From January 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009, 63,500 Common shares were repurchased at an average price (including commissions) of \$0.46 per share under the renewed NCIB. At September 30, 2009, 63,500 of the Common shares had been returned to treasury and cancelled.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

### 10. Share Capital (continued):

#### b) Basic and diluted loss per share:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2009			2008		
	NET LOSS	SHARES	PER SHARE AMOUNT	NET INCOME (LOSS)	SHARES	PER SHARE AMOUNT
Basic and diluted						
income (loss) per share	(\$5,235,313)	27,187,361	(\$0.19)	901,407	27,824,035	\$ 0.03
Securities excluded from diluted income (loss) per share as the effect would be anti-dilutive		5,877,928			5,919,053	
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NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30	2009			2008		
	NET LOSS	SHARES	PER SHARE AMOUNT	NET LOSS	SHARES	PER SHARE AMOUNT
Basic and diluted						
loss per share	(\$11,702,859)	27,192,852	(\$0.43)	(\$119,476)	27,858,077	(\$0.01)
Securities excluded from diluted loss per share as the effect would be anti-dilutive		5,877,928			5,919,053	

At September 30, 2009, 63,500 shares had been repurchased through the TSX Venture Exchange and the Class A/B share structure was eliminated leaving the Company with 27,187,361 Common shares available for trading.

### 11. Capital Management:

The Company's strategy is to maintain a level of capital for operations and to sustain future growth of the business. The Company strives to maintain a balance between debt and equity to ensure the continued access to capital markets to fund growth and ensure long-term viability. The Company monitors its capital balance through regular evaluation of the debt to equity ratio. The components of capital as well as the debt to equity ratio as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are shown in the table below.

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	DECEMBER 31, 2008
Debt	\$ 59,869,999	\$ 55,419,098
Shareholders' equity	67,921,370	78,878,772
Debt to equity	0.88	0.70

The Company is subject to financial covenants in the debt financing agreements related to both the operating line of credit and term debt. The current ratio and debt service coverage ratio are two financial metrics that provide indicators as to whether the Company is in compliance with its financial covenants. The Company is in violation of certain covenants as at September 30, 2009 and has obtained waivers from its lenders.



## 12. Financial Instruments:

The Company has designated its financial instruments as follows: cash is classified as held-for-trading, which is measured at fair value; accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables which are measured at amortized cost; accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt are classified as other financial liabilities which are also measured at amortized cost. The fair value of these instruments approximates their carrying amount due to their short-term nature. The fair value of debt approximates its carrying value as stated interest rates reflect current borrowing rates available to the Company.

The Company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk as follows:

### a) Credit risk:

The Company's policy is to enter into agreements with customers that are well-established and well-financed within the oil and gas industry to reduce credit risk. There is always a risk relating to the financial stability of customers and their ability to pay. Management will continue to periodically assess the credit worthiness of all its customers and views the credit risk on its accounts receivable as normal for its industry.

During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009, in the opinion of management, decreased liquidity left five customers with potentially insufficient funds to settle obligations. As a result, bad debt expense of \$395,270 and \$583,158 was provided for in the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.

### b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The credit facilities available consist of a term facility to a maximum of \$59.9 million maturing on January 25, 2010 and a short-term operating line of credit to a maximum of \$15 million. Term facilities are used to fund capital acquisitions and the short-term line of credit is used to settle current obligations such as accounts payable. As a result of the long term debt facility expiring in January 2010 the Company must refinance this facility through a replacement facility, an issuance of equity or a combination of the two as the projected cash flow in 2009 will not be sufficient to retire the facility.

The Company may also be exposed to liquidity risk if it is unable to collect its trade accounts receivable balances in a timely manner, which could in turn impact the Company's long-term ability to meet commitments under its current facilities. In order to manage this liquidity risk, the Company actively monitors all accounts receivable to maintain accounts outstanding over 60 days to less than 25 percent of the total balance. As at September 30, 2009, the balance of trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days was \$613,356, representing approximately eight percent of the trade accounts receivable balance. Of this amount \$475,445 has been provided for as an allowance for bad debts. A structure is maintained that focuses on growth of the Company while ensuring viability for stakeholders.

### c) Market risk:

Market risk is comprised of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

#### i. Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk arises from the fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates relative to the Canadian dollar. The Company is not significantly exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### ii. Interest rate risk:

The Company is exposed to sudden increases in interest rate changes as all debt facilities are on a variable rate above prime. Although this did benefit the Company through 2008 and through the first nine months of 2009, there is a risk that prime rate could increase over time. The Company will address this risk further with the upcoming refinancing of the long term facility which expires in January 2010. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, a one percent change in the prime lending rate would have impacted net loss by \$150,981 and \$447,938, respectively.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

### 13. Segmented Information:

The Company operates in two primary segments within the service industry in Western Canada: well servicing and other oilfield services. The well servicing segment provides well services through the use of service rigs and coil tubing units. The other oilfield services segment provides snubbing, nitrogen, production testing and equipment rentals, primarily providing support services to the well service business.

The Company evaluates performance on net income (loss) before taxes. Inter-segment sales are recorded at current market prices and eliminated upon consolidation.

The reportable segments are distinct operations as they offer complementary services to the well service business. Once a service rig is on site, the other services are typically onsite at various times supporting the rig activity. However, these services can be sold independently of the well servicing. They are managed separately as the businesses were acquired as a unit and the Company has retained the management of each acquired company.

The amounts related to each industry segment are as follows:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER, 2009	WELL SERVICING	OTHER OILFIELD SERVICES	CORPORATE	TOTAL
Revenue	7,793,810	2,465,214	–	10,259,024
Interest expense	–	–	1,839,017	1,839,017
Depreciation and amortization	1,872,608	634,522	246,046	2,753,176
Loss before taxes	(759,072)	(666,646)	(3,809,595)	(5,235,313)
Loss and comprehensive loss	(759,072)	(666,646)	(3,809,595)	(5,235,313)
Property, plant and equipment	97,477,204	20,785,945	777,074	119,040,223
Intangibles	–	3,525,586	–	3,525,586
Capital expenditures	4,792,779	137,703	86,111	5,016,593

(RESTATE – NOTE 8) THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	WELL SERVICING	OTHER OILFIELD SERVICES	CORPORATE	TOTAL
Revenue	16,732,287	6,289,570	–	23,021,857
Interest expense	–	–	1,367,807	1,367,807
Depreciation and amortization	2,319,387	599,558	112,378	3,031,323
Net income (loss) before taxes	2,781,347	827,647	(2,648,587)	960,407
Income taxes	–	–	59,000	59,000
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	2,781,347	827,647	(2,707,587)	901,407
Property, plant and equipment	93,793,468	21,162,068	1,069,816	116,025,352
Intangibles	–	4,118,560	–	4,118,560
Capital expenditures	5,007,958	1,668,965	140,581	6,817,504

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER, 2009	WELL SERVICING	OTHER OILFIELD SERVICES	CORPORATE	TOTAL
Revenue	25,239,802	10,453,116	–	35,692,918
Interest expense	–	–	4,536,547	4,536,547
Depreciation and amortization	5,441,407	1,854,775	728,497	8,024,679
Loss before taxes	(1,349,001)	(1,146,189)	(9,719,669)	(12,214,859)
Income taxes (recovery)	–	–	(512,000)	(512,000)
Loss and comprehensive loss	(1,349,001)	(1,146,189)	(9,207,669)	(11,702,859)
Property, plant and equipment	97,477,204	20,785,945	777,074	119,040,223
Intangibles	–	3,525,586	–	3,525,586
Capital expenditures	11,946,391	1,216,550	238,901	13,401,842

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

### 13. Segmented Information (continued):

(RESTATED – NOTE 8) NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	WELL SERVICING	OTHER OILFIELD SERVICES	CORPORATE	TOTAL
Revenue	43,103,966	17,259,553	–	60,363,519
Interest expense	–	–	3,859,860	3,859,860
Depreciation and amortization	7,331,277	2,103,244	208,161	9,642,682
Net income (loss) before income taxes	5,136,607	2,257,357	(7,338,704)	55,260
Income taxes	–	–	174,736	174,736
Net income (loss) and comprehensive loss	5,136,607	2,257,357	(7,513,440)	(119,476)
Property, plant and equipment	93,793,468	21,162,068	1,069,816	116,025,352
Intangibles	–	4,118,560	–	4,118,560
Capital expenditures	24,484,924	1,757,850	475,125	26,717,899

### 14. Subsequent events:

On October 21, 2009, the Company filed a Short Form Rights Offering Prospectus for a rights offering for \$33 million. This Offering is being supported by the Company's largest shareholder, Tricap Partners II L.P. ("Tricap"), by agreeing to backstop the Offering. Tricap has agreed to acquire any Common shares not issued under the basic and additional subscription rights of other shareholders. This provides assurance to the Company that it will receive the full \$33 million offering. The proceeds of the rights offering will be used to reduce the current credit facilities of the Company and for general corporate purposes. Shareholders' equity following the rights offering will be \$111,673,307 and the number of shares outstanding is anticipated to increase by 132,000,000. The rights offering expires on November 30, 2009.